

Name _____ Date _____ Period _____

Geometry Chapter 2 Review

Determine if the conjecture is always true or false. If false, give a counter example.

1. Given: S, T and U are collinear and $ST = TU$

Conjecture: T is the midpoint of \overline{SU}

2. Given: $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ are adjacent angles

Conjecture: $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ form a linear pair

3. Given: Points A, B and C are collinear

Conjecture: $AB + BC = AC$

4. Given: $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ are complementary

Conjecture: $m\angle A = 45$

Make a conjecture about the next item in the sequence.

5. 1, 3, 9, 27, _____

6. $1, \frac{6}{5}, \frac{7}{5}, \frac{8}{5}, \text{_____}$

7. $12, 6, 3, 1.5, .75, \text{_____}$

8. 

9. 

Use the following statements to write a compound statement for each. Then find its truth value.

p: $-3 - 2 = -5$

q: Vertical angles are adjacent

r: A hexagon has 6 sides

s: The sum of the measures of supplementary angles is 90

10. $p \wedge s$

11. $q \vee \sim r$

12. $s \vee \sim q$

13. $r \wedge \sim s$

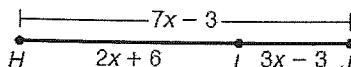
For the following conditional statements, identify the hypothesis, conclusion, converse, inverse and contrapositive. Then tell which statements are true or false. If false, give a counter example.

14. If you live in San Diego, then you live in California.

15. If two angles are vertical angles, then the angles are congruent.

19. Make a Truth Table that describes the following scenario: $\sim q \wedge (p \vee r)$

Write a justification for each step.

15. 

$$HJ = HI + IJ$$

$$7x - 3 = (2x + 6) + (3x - 3)$$

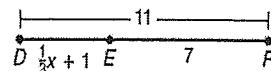
$$7x - 3 = 5x + 3$$

$$7x = 5x + 6$$

$$2x = 6$$

$$x = 3$$

16.



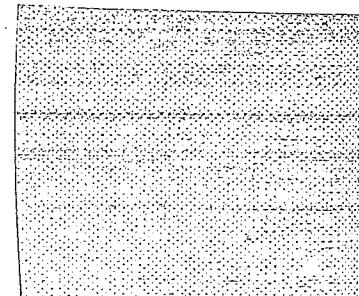
$$DE + EF = DF$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}x + 1\right) + 7 = 11$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x + 8 = 11$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x = 3$$

$$x = 9$$



Name _____ Date _____ Period _____

Geometry Chapter 2 Review

Determine if the conjecture is always true or false. If false, give a counter example.

1. Given: S, T and U are collinear and $ST = TU$

Conjecture: T is the midpoint of \overline{SU}

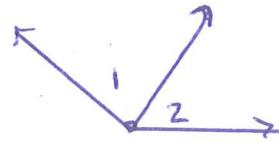
True



2. Given: $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ are adjacent angles

Conjecture: $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ form a linear pair

False



3. Given: Points A, B and C are collinear

Conjecture: $AB + BC = AC$

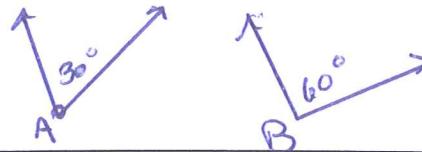
False



4. Given: $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ are complementary

Conjecture: $m\angle A = 45$

False

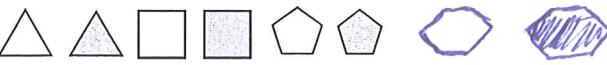


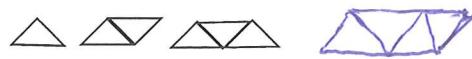
Make a conjecture about the next item in the sequence.

5. $1, 3, 9, 27, \underline{81}$
 $\times 3 \quad \times 3 \quad \times 3 \quad \times 3$

6. $1, \frac{6}{5}, \frac{7}{5}, \frac{8}{5}, \underline{\frac{9}{5}}$
 $\frac{5}{5} \quad \div 2$

7. $12, 6, 3, 1.5, .75, \underline{.375}$

- 8.
- 

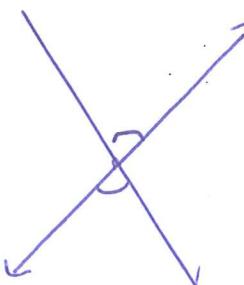
- 9.
- 

Use the following statements to write a compound statement for each. Then find its truth value.

- (T) p: $-3 - 2 = -5$
(F) q: Vertical angles are adjacent
(T) r: A hexagon has 6 sides
(F) s: The sum of the measures of supplementary angles is 90

10. $p \wedge s$: $-3 - 2 = -5$ and the sum of the measures of supp. \angle 's is 90. False

180



11. $q \vee \sim r$ False Vertical angles are adjacent or a hexagon does NOT have 6 sides

12. $s \vee \sim q$ True The sum of the measures of supplementary \angle 's is 90 or Vertical Angles are NOT adjacent True

13. $r \wedge \sim s$ True A hexagon has 6 sides and the sum of the measures of supp. \angle 's is NOT 90.

For the following conditional statements, identify the hypothesis, conclusion, converse, inverse and contrapositive. Then tell which statements are true or false. If false, give a counter example.

14. If you live in San Diego, then you live in California. True

Hypothesis

Conclusion

converse: If you live in California, then you live in San Diego

False

Counter example: San Francisco

15. If two angles are vertical angles, then the angles are congruent. True

Hypothesis

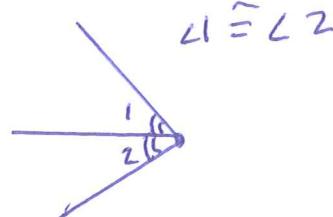
Conclusion

Converse: If 2 angles are congruent, then they are vertical

\angle 's.

False

Counter Example



19. Make a Truth Table that describes the following scenario: $\sim q \wedge (p \vee r)$

P	q	r	$\sim q$	$p \vee r$	$\sim q \wedge (p \vee r)$
T	T	F	F	T	F
T	T	T	F	T	F
T	F	T	T	T	T
F	T	T	F	T	F
F	T	F	F	F	F
F	F	T	T	T	F
F	F	F	F	F	F

Write a justification for each step.

17.

$$HJ = HI + IJ$$

Given

$$7x - 3 = (2x + 6) + (3x - 3)$$

Substitution

$$7x - 3 = 5x + 3$$

Substitution

$$7x = 5x + 6$$

Addition

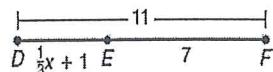
$$2x = 6$$

Subtraction

$$x = 3$$

Division

18.



$$DE + EF = DF$$

Given

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}x + 1\right) + 7 = 11$$

Substitution

$$\frac{1}{3}x + 8 = 11$$

Substitution

$$\frac{1}{3}x = 3$$

Subtraction

$$x = 9$$

multiplication